## 8-53. See below.

a. The interior and exterior angles must be supplementary. Therefore, $180^{\circ}-20^{\circ}=160^{\circ}$.
b. Students can either use $360^{\circ} \div 20^{\circ}=18$ sides or solve the equation $\frac{\frac{180(n-2)}{n}}{n}=160^{\circ}$ to find $n=18$.

8-55. Since the diagonals of a parallelogram bisect each other, they must intersect at the midpoint of $B D$. Thus, they intersect at $(6,21)$.

8-57. $\approx 103.8$ meters

## 8-60. See below.

a. $60^{\circ}$
b. $82^{\circ}$
c. $14^{\circ}$
d. $117^{\circ}$

